

Safety Data Sheet

Section 1: Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name: TMD Tissue Marking Dye Red
Cat#: TMD-R, TMD-R-FT-2
Co./Supplier: General Data Healthcare, Inc.
4043 McMann Road
Cincinnati, OH 45245
1-844-643-1129
<https://www.general-data.com>

Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number: CHEMTREC 800-424-9300 (USA & Canada)
CHEMTREC 703-527-3887 (International)
Non-transport 972-436-1010 (USA)

Section 2: Hazards Identification

Hazard Overview: Flammable Liquid 3 H226
Skin Irritation 2 H315
Eye Irritation 2A H319
Aquatic Acute 3 H402

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

Label Elements

GHS-US Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)



Signal Word (GHS-US)

Warning

Hazard Statements (GHS-US)

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.

Hazard and Precautionary Statements (GHS-US)

H315 - Causes skin irritation.
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
H402 - Harmful to aquatic life.
P210 - Keep away from extremely high or low temperatures, ignition sources, and incompatible materials. - No smoking.
P233 - Keep container tightly closed.
P240 - Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting equipment.
P242 - Use only non-sparking tools
P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and other exposed areas thoroughly after handling.
P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye protection.
 P303+P361+P353+P362+P364 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
 P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
 P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
 P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
 P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use appropriate media (see section 5) to extinguish.
 P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
 P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, territorial, provincial, and international regulations.
 P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
 P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use appropriate media (see section 5) to extinguish.
 P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
 P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, territorial, provincial, and international regulations.

Other Hazards

Exposure may aggravate those with pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions.

Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US) Not available

Section 3: Composition/Information on Hazardous Ingredients

| Name | Product Identifier | % (w/w) | GHS-US classification |
|--------------------|-------------------------|---------|--|
| Isopropyl alcohol | (CAS No) 67-63-0 | 5 | Flammable Liquid 2, H225 Eye Irritation 2A, H319 Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure 3, H336 |
| Ethox 4709 | (CAS No) Not applicable | 3 | Skin Irritation 2, H315 Eye Irritation 2A, H319 |
| Ammonium hydroxide | (CAS No) 1336-21-6 | 2 | Skin Corrosion 1B, H314 Eye Damage 1, H318 Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 |
| Diethylene glycol | (CAS No) 111-46-6 | 0.5 | Acute Toxicity 4 (Oral), H302 Specific Target Organ Toxicity Repeated Exposure 2, H373 |
| Methyl alcohol | (CAS No) 67-56-1 | 0.04 | Flammable Liquid 2, H225 Acute Toxicity 3 (Oral), H301 Acute Toxicity 3 (Dermal), H311 Acute Toxicity 3 (Inhalation: vapor), H331 Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure 1, H370 |
| Formaldehyde | (CAS No) 50-00-0 | 0.02 | Carcinogenicity 1A, H350 Acute Toxicity 3 (Oral), H301 Acute Toxicity 3 (Dermal), H311 Acute Toxicity 3 (Inhalation: gas), H331 Skin Corrosion 1B, H314 Eye Damage 1, H318 Skin Sensitizer 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 2, H401 |

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

Section 4: First Aid Measures

Description of First Aid Measures

General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

Inhalation: When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice.

Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Eye Contact: Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do so. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention if irritation persists.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

General: Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation: May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin Contact: Causes skin irritation. Symptoms may include: Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and dermatitis.

Eye Contact: Causes serious eye irritation. Symptoms may include: Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, tearing, and blurred vision.

Ingestion: Ingestion is likely to be harmful or have adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: None expected under normal conditions of use.

Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention.

Section 5: Fire Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Powder, alcohol-resistant foam, water spray, carbon dioxide (CO₂).

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Flammable liquid and vapor.

Explosion Hazard: May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.

Reactivity: Reacts with (strong) oxidizers: (increased) risk of fire.

Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Under fire conditions, hazardous fumes will be present.

Firefighting Instructions: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. In case of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Organic compounds. Sulfur oxides. Nitrogen oxides. Ammonia.

Reference to Other Sections

Refer to section 9 for flammability properties.

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Use special care to avoid static electric charges. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe vapor, mist or spray.

For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures: Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit.

Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Absorb and/or contain spill with inert material, then place in suitable container. Do not take up in combustible material such as saw dust or cellulosic material.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Use only non-sparking tools.

Reference to Other Sections

See heading 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection. For further information refer to section 13.

Section 7: Handling and Storage

Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking, or smoking and again when leaving work. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting equipment.

Storage Conditions: Store in a dry, cool, and well-ventilated place. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Keep in fireproof place.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers.

Specific End Use(s)

No use is specified.

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established Exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), AIHA (WEEL), NIOSH (REL), OSHA (PEL), Canadian provincial governments, or the Mexican government.

| Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0) | | |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| USA ACGIH | ACGIH TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| USA ACGIH | ACGIH STEL (ppm) | 400 ppm |
| USA ACGIH | ACGIH chemical category | Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen |
| USA ACGIH | Biological Exposure Indices (BEI) | 40 mg/l (Medium: urine - Time: end of shift at end of workweek - Parameter: Acetone (background, nonspecific)) |
| USA OSHA | OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³) | 980 mg/m ³ |
| USA OSHA | OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm) | 400 ppm |
| USA NIOSH | NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³) | 980 mg/m ³ |
| USA NIOSH | NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm) | 400 ppm |
| USA NIOSH | NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m ³) | 1225 mg/m ³ |
| USA NIOSH | NIOSH REL (STEL) (ppm) | 500 ppm |
| USA IDLH | US IDLH (ppm) | 2000 ppm (10% LEL) |
| Alberta | OEL STEL (mg/m ³) | 984 mg/m ³ |
| Alberta | OEL STEL (ppm) | 400 ppm |
| Alberta | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 492 mg/m ³ |
| Alberta | OEL TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| British Columbia | OEL STEL (ppm) | 400 ppm |
| British Columbia | OEL TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| Manitoba | OEL STEL (ppm) | 400 ppm |
| Manitoba | OEL TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| New Brunswick | OEL STEL (mg/m ³) | 1230 mg/m ³ |
| New Brunswick | OEL STEL (ppm) | 500 ppm |
| New Brunswick | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 983 mg/m ³ |
| New Brunswick | OEL TWA (ppm) | 400 ppm |
| Newfoundland & Labrador | OEL STEL (ppm) | 400 ppm |
| Newfoundland & Labrador | OEL TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| Nova Scotia | OEL STEL (ppm) | 400 ppm |
| Nova Scotia | OEL TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |

| | | |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Nunavut | OEL STEL (mg/m ³) | 1228 mg/m ³ |
| Nunavut | OEL STEL (ppm) | 500 ppm |
| Nunavut | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 983 mg/m ³ |
| Nunavut | OEL TWA (ppm) | 400 ppm |
| Northwest Territories | OEL STEL (ppm) | 400 ppm |
| Northwest Territories | OEL TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| Ontario | OEL STEL (ppm) | 400 ppm |
| Ontario | OEL TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| Prince Edward Island | OEL STEL (ppm) | 400 ppm |
| Prince Edward Island | OEL TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| Québec | VECD (mg/m ³) | 1230 mg/m ³ |
| Québec | VECD (ppm) | 500 ppm |
| Québec | VEMP (mg/m ³) | 985 mg/m ³ |
| Québec | VEMP (ppm) | 400 ppm |
| Saskatchewan | OEL STEL (ppm) | 400 ppm |
| Saskatchewan | OEL TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| Yukon | OEL STEL (mg/m ³) | 1225 mg/m ³ |
| Yukon | OEL STEL (ppm) | 500 ppm |
| Yukon | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 980 mg/m ³ |
| Yukon | OEL TWA (ppm) | 400 ppm |
| Formaldehyde (50-00-0) | | |
| USA ACGIH | ACGIH Ceiling (ppm) | 0.3 ppm |
| USA ACGIH | ACGIH chemical category | dermal sensitizer,Suspected Human Carcinogen |
| USA OSHA | OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm) | 0.75 ppm |
| USA OSHA | OSHA PEL (STEL) (ppm) | 2 ppm (see 29 CFR 1910.1048) |
| USA NIOSH | NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm) | 0.016 ppm |
| USA NIOSH | NIOSH REL (ceiling) (ppm) | 0.1 ppm |
| USA IDLH | US IDLH (ppm) | 20 ppm |
| Alberta | OEL Ceiling (mg/m ³) | 1.3 mg/m ³ |
| Alberta | OEL Ceiling (ppm) | 1 ppm |
| Alberta | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 0.9 mg/m ³ |
| Alberta | OEL TWA (ppm) | 0.75 ppm |
| British Columbia | OEL Ceiling (ppm) | 1 ppm |
| British Columbia | OEL TWA (ppm) | 0.3 ppm |
| Manitoba | OEL Ceiling (ppm) | 0.3 ppm |
| New Brunswick | OEL STEL (ppm) | 1.5 ppm |
| New Brunswick | OEL TWA (ppm) | 0.5 ppm |
| Newfoundland & Labrador | OEL Ceiling (ppm) | 0.3 ppm |
| Nova Scotia | OEL Ceiling (ppm) | 0.3 ppm |
| Nunavut | OEL Ceiling (mg/m ³) | 2.4 mg/m ³ |
| Nunavut | OEL Ceiling (ppm) | 2 ppm |
| Northwest Territories | OEL Ceiling (ppm) | 0.3 ppm |
| Ontario | OEL Ceiling (ppm) | 1.5 ppm |
| Ontario | OEL STEL (ppm) | 1 ppm |
| Prince Edward Island | OEL Ceiling (ppm) | 0.3 ppm |
| Québec | PLAFOND (mg/m ³) | 3 mg/m ³ |
| Québec | PLAFOND (ppm) | 2 ppm |
| Saskatchewan | OEL Ceiling (ppm) | 0.3 ppm |
| Yukon | OEL Ceiling (mg/m ³) | 3 mg/m ³ |
| Yukon | OEL Ceiling (ppm) | 2 ppm |
| Methyl alcohol (67-56-1) | | |
| USA ACGIH | ACGIH TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| USA ACGIH | ACGIH STEL (ppm) | 250 ppm |
| USA ACGIH | ACGIH chemical category | Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route |

| | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| USA ACGIH | Biological Exposure Indices (BEI) | 15 mg/l (Medium: urine - Time: end of shift - Parameter: Methanol (background, nonspecific)) |
| USA OSHA | OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³) | 260 mg/m ³ |
| USA OSHA | OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| USA NIOSH | NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³) | 260 mg/m ³ |
| USA NIOSH | NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| USA NIOSH | NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m ³) | 325 mg/m ³ |
| USA NIOSH | NIOSH REL (STEL) (ppm) | 250 ppm |
| USA IDLH | US IDLH (ppm) | 6000 ppm |
| Alberta | OEL STEL (mg/m ³) | 328 mg/m ³ |
| Alberta | OEL STEL (ppm) | 250 ppm |
| Alberta | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 262 mg/m ³ |
| Alberta | OEL TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| British Columbia | OEL STEL (ppm) | 250 ppm |
| British Columbia | OEL TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| Manitoba | OEL STEL (ppm) | 250 ppm |
| Manitoba | OEL TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| New Brunswick | OEL STEL (mg/m ³) | 328 mg/m ³ |
| New Brunswick | OEL STEL (ppm) | 250 ppm |
| New Brunswick | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 262 mg/m ³ |
| New Brunswick | OEL TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| Newfoundland & Labrador | OEL STEL (ppm) | 250 ppm |
| Newfoundland & Labrador | OEL TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| Nova Scotia | OEL STEL (ppm) | 250 ppm |
| Nova Scotia | OEL TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| Nunavut | OEL STEL (mg/m ³) | 328 mg/m ³ |
| Nunavut | OEL STEL (ppm) | 250 ppm |
| Nunavut | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 262 mg/m ³ |
| Nunavut | OEL TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| Northwest Territories | OEL STEL (ppm) | 250 ppm |
| Northwest Territories | OEL TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| Ontario | OEL STEL (ppm) | 250 ppm |
| Ontario | OEL TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| Prince Edward Island | OEL STEL (ppm) | 250 ppm |
| Prince Edward Island | OEL TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| Québec | VECD (mg/m ³) | 328 mg/m ³ |
| Québec | VECD (ppm) | 250 ppm |
| Québec | VEMP (mg/m ³) | 262 mg/m ³ |
| Québec | VEMP (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| Saskatchewan | OEL STEL (ppm) | 250 ppm |
| Saskatchewan | OEL TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| Yukon | OEL STEL (mg/m ³) | 310 mg/m ³ |
| Yukon | OEL STEL (ppm) | 250 ppm |
| Yukon | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 260 mg/m ³ |
| Yukon | OEL TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| Diethylene glycol (111-46-6) | | |
| USA AIHA | WEEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 10 mg/m ³ |

Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapor or mists below the applicable workplace exposure limits indicated above. All electrical equipment should comply with the National Electric Code. Gas detectors should be used when flammable gases/vapors may be released. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Use explosion-proof equipment. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

Personal Protective Equipment: Protective clothing. Gloves. Protective goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.



Materials for Protective Clothing: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics.

Hand Protection: Wear chemically resistant protective gloves.

Eye Protection: Chemical safety goggles.

Skin and Body Protection: Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing.

Respiratory Protection: If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn.

Other Information: When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

| | |
|---|---|
| Physical State | : Liquid |
| Appearance | : Red |
| Odor | : Not available |
| Odor Threshold | : Not available |
| pH | : 7 - 10.1 |
| Evaporation Rate | : Not available |
| Melting Point | : Not available |
| Freezing Point | : Not available |
| Boiling Point | : Not available |
| Flash Point | : $\approx 48\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($\approx 118.4\text{ }^{\circ}\text{F}$) Estimated value for a 5% solution of Isopropanol |
| Auto-ignition Temperature | : Not available |
| Decomposition Temperature | : Not available |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | : Not available |
| Lower Flammable Limit | : Not available |
| Upper Flammable Limit | : Not available |
| Vapor Pressure | : Not available |
| Relative Vapor Density at 20 °C | : Not available |
| Relative Density | : Not available |
| Specific Gravity | : Not available |
| Solubility | : Soluble in water |
| Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water | : Not available |
| Viscosity | : 380 - 430 |
| Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact | : Not expected to present an explosion hazard due to mechanical impact |
| Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Static Discharge | : Static discharge could act as an ignition source |

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity: Reacts with (strong) oxidizers: (increased) risk of fire.

Chemical Stability: Flammable liquid and vapor.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid: Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Sparks, heat, open flame, and other sources of ignition.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Organic compounds. Sulfur oxides. Nitrogen oxides. Ammonia.

Section 11: Toxicological Information

Information on Toxicological Effects - Product

Acute Toxicity: Not classified

LD50 and LC50 Data: Not available

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Causes serious eye irritation.

pH: 7 - 10.1

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Not classified

pH: 7 – 10.1

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified

Teratogenicity: Not classified

Carcinogenicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Not classified

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: May cause respiratory irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Causes skin irritation. Symptoms may include: Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and dermatitis.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Causes serious eye irritation. Symptoms may include: Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, tearing, and blurred vision.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Ingestion is likely to be harmful or have adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: None expected under normal conditions of use.

Information on Toxicological Effects - Ingredient(s)

LD50 and LC50 Data:

Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)

| | |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------|
| LD50 Oral Rat | 4710 mg/kg |
| LD50 Dermal Rabbit | 4059 mg/kg |
| LC50 Inhalation Rat | 72.6 mg/l/4h (Exposure time: 4 h) |
| LC50 Inhalation Rat | 72.5 mg/l/4h |

Formaldehyde (50-00-0)

| | |
|-----------------|----------------|
| LD50 Oral Rat | 100 mg/kg |
| LD50 Dermal Rat | 270 mg/kg |
| ATE US (gases) | 700.00 ppmV/4h |

Methyl alcohol (67-56-1)

| | |
|---------------------|--------------------------------|
| LD50 Oral Rat | 6200 mg/kg |
| LC50 Inhalation Rat | 3 mg/l/4h |
| LC50 Inhalation Rat | 22500 ppm (Exposure time: 8 h) |
| ATE US (oral) | 100.00 mg/kg body weight |
| ATE US (dermal) | 300.00 mg/kg body weight |

Ammonium hydroxide (1336-21-6)

| | |
|------------------------------|-------------|
| LD50 Oral Rat | 350 mg/kg |
| Diethylene glycol (111-46-6) | |
| LD50 Oral Rat | 1120 mg/kg |
| LD50 Dermal Rabbit | 11890 mg/kg |

Carcinogenicity

Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)

| | |
|---|---|
| IARC Group | 3 |
| Formaldehyde (50-00-0) | |
| IARC Group | 1 |
| National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status | Known Human Carcinogens. |
| OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen List | In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list. |
| OSHA Specifically Regulated Carcinogen List | In OSHA Specifically Regulated Carcinogen list. |

Section 12: Ecological Information

Toxicity:

Ecology - General: Harmful to aquatic life.

Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)

| | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| LC50 Fish 1 | 9640 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through]) |
| EC50 Daphnia 1 | 13299 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna) |
| EC50 Other Aquatic Organisms 1 | 1000 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Desmodesmus subspicatus) |
| LC 50 Fish 2 | 11130 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static]) |
| EC50 Other Aquatic Organisms 2 | 1000 mg/l (Exposure time: 72 h - Species: Desmodesmus subspicatus) |

Formaldehyde (50-00-0)

| | |
|----------------|--|
| LC50 Fish 1 | 22.6 - 25.7 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through]) |
| EC50 Daphnia 1 | 2 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna) |
| LC 50 Fish 2 | 1510 µg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static]) |
| EC50 Daphnia 2 | 11.3 - 18 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static]) |

Methyl alcohol (67-56-1)

| | |
|----------------|--|
| LC50 Fish 1 | 28200 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through]) |
| EC50 Daphnia 1 | 1340 mg/l |
| LC 50 Fish 2 | > 100 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static]) |

Ammonium hydroxide (1336-21-6)

| | |
|----------------|---|
| LC50 Fish 1 | 8.2 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas) |
| EC50 Daphnia 1 | 0.66 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: water flea) |
| EC50 Daphnia 2 | 0.66 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia pulex) |

Diethylene glycol (111-46-6)

| | |
|----------------|--|
| LC50 Fish 1 | 75200 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through]) |
| EC50 Daphnia 1 | 84000 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna) |

Persistence and Degradability

| | |
|-------------------------------|------------------|
| Tissue Marking Dye Red | |
| Persistence and Degradability | Not established. |

Bioaccumulative Potential

| | |
|---------------------------|------------------|
| Tissue Marking Dye Red | |
| Bioaccumulative Potential | Not established. |

Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)

| | |
|---------|-----------------|
| Log Pow | 0.05 (at 25 °C) |
|---------|-----------------|

Formaldehyde (50-00-0)

| | |
|---------|-----------------|
| Log Pow | 0.35 (at 25 °C) |
|---------|-----------------|

Methyl alcohol (67-56-1)

| | |
|------------|-------|
| BCF Fish 1 | < 10 |
| Log Pow | -0.77 |

Diethylene glycol (111-46-6)

| | |
|------------|------------------|
| BCF Fish 1 | 100 - 180 |
| Log Pow | -1.98 (at 25 °C) |

Mobility in Soil Not available

Other Adverse Effects

Other Information: Avoid release to the environment.

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Sewage Disposal Recommendations: This material is hazardous to the aquatic environment. Keep out of sewers and waterways

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, regional, national, provincial, territorial, and international regulations.

Additional Information: Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.

Section 14: Transportation Data

In Accordance With ICAO/IATA/DOT/TDG

Note: Depending on the manner in which this product is packaged, it may meet a Limited Quantity exemption. The following applies only if it does not meet that exemption.

14.1 UN Number

UN-No.(DOT) : 1987
 DOT NA no. : UN1987

14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Alcohols, n.o.s. (Contains Isopropyl alcohol and Methyl alcohol)
 Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) : 3 - Class 3 - Flammable and combustible liquid 49 CFR 173.120
 Hazard Labels (DOT) 3 - Flammable liquid



Packing Group (DOT)

DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)

III - Minor Danger

172 - This entry includes alcohol mixtures containing up to 5% petroleum products.
 B1 - If the material has a flash point at or above 38 C (100 F) and below 93 C (200 F), then the bulk packaging requirements of 173.241 of this subchapter are applicable. If the material has a flash point of less than 38 C (100 F), then the bulk packaging requirements of 173.242 of this subchapter are applicable.

IB3 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1 and 31HA2, 31HB2, 31HN2, 31HD2 and 31HH2). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized, except for UN2672 (also see Special Provision IP8 in Table 2 for UN2672).

T4 - 2.65 178.274(d)(2) Normal. 178.275(d)(3)

TP1 - The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: Degree of filling = $97 / (1 + a (tr - tf))$ Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, and tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling.

TP29 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 1.5 bar (150.0 kPa) may be used provided the calculated test pressure is 1.5 bar or less based on the MAWP of the hazardous materials, as defined in 178.275 of this subchapter, where the test pressure is 1.5 times the MAWP.

GeneralData

HEALTHCARE

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) 4b;150

DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) 203

DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) 242

DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) 242

DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) 242

14.3 Additional Information

Emergency Response Guide (ERG) : 127

Number

Transport by Sea

DOT Vessel Stowage Location : A - The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel.

EmS-No. (1) : F-E

EmS-No. (2) : S-D

Air Transport

DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger : 60 L

Aircraft/Rail (49 CFR 173.27)

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo Aircraft : 220 L

Only (49 CFR 175.75)

Section 15: Regulatory Information

US Federal Regulations

| | |
|--|--|
| Tissue Marking Dye Red | |
| SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes | Fire hazard Immediate (acute) health hazard |
| Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0) | |
| Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313 | |
| EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag | T - T - indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 4 test rule under TSCA. |
| SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting | 1.0 % (only if manufactured by the strong acid process, no supplier notification) |
| Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0) | |
| Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313 | |
| EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag | T - T - indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 4 test rule under TSCA. |
| SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting | 1.0 % (only if manufactured by the strong acid process, no supplier notification) |
| Formaldehyde (50-00-0) | |
| Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Listed on the United States SARA Section 302 Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313 | |
| SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ) | 500 |
| SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes | Delayed (chronic) health hazard Immediate (acute) health hazard Fire hazard |
| SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting | 0.1 % |
| Methyl alcohol (67-56-1) | |
| Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313 | |
| SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes | Delayed (chronic) health hazard Immediate (acute) health hazard Fire hazard |

| | |
|---|--|
| | |
| SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting | 1.0 % |
| Ammonium hydroxide (1336-21-6) | |
| Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory | |
| SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes | Immediate (acute) health hazard |
| Diethylene glycol (111-46-6) | |
| Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory | |
| EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag | Y2 - Y2 - indicates an exempt polymer that is a polyester and is made only from reactants included in a specified list of low concern reactants that comprises one of the eligibility criteria for the exemption rule. |

US State Regulations

Formaldehyde (50-00-0)

| | |
|--|--|
| U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List | WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer. |
|--|--|

Methyl alcohol (67-56-1)

| | |
|--|---|
| U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity | WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause birth defects. |
|--|---|

Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)

| |
|--|
| <p>U.S. - California - SCAQMD - Toxic Air Contaminants - Non-Cancer Acute U.S. - California - SCAQMD - Toxic Air Contaminants - Non-Cancer Chronic U.S. - California - Toxic Air Contaminant List (AB 1807, AB 2728) U.S. - Connecticut - Hazardous Air Pollutants - HLVs (30 min) U.S. - Connecticut - Hazardous Air Pollutants - HLVs (8 hr) U.S. - Connecticut - Volatile Substances U.S. - Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations U.S. - Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Emission Levels (ELs) U.S. - Idaho - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs RTK - U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - Massachusetts - Toxics Use Reduction Act U.S. - Michigan - Occupational Exposure Limits - STELs U.S. - Michigan - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs U.S. - Minnesota - Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Minnesota - Permissible Exposure Limits - STELs U.S. - Minnesota - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs U.S. - New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - 24-Hour U.S. - New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - Annual U.S. - New Jersey - Discharge Prevention - List of Hazardous Substances U.S. - New Jersey - Environmental Hazardous Substances List RTK - U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - New Jersey - Special Health Hazards Substances List U.S. - New York - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs U.S. - North Dakota - Air Pollutants - Guideline Concentrations - 1-Hour U.S. - North Dakota - Air Pollutants - Guideline Concentrations - 8-Hour U.S. - Oregon - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs RTK - U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List RTK - U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List U.S. - Rhode Island - Air Toxics - Acceptable Ambient Levels - 1-Hour U.S. - Tennessee - Occupational Exposure Limits - STELs U.S. - Tennessee - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs</p> |
|--|

U.S. - Texas - City of Austin - Aerosol Paint and Glue Restrictions
U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term
U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term
U.S. - Vermont - Permissible Exposure Limits - STELs
U.S. - Vermont - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs
U.S. - Washington - Permissible Exposure Limits - STELs
U.S. - Washington - Permissible Exposure Limits – TWAs

Formaldehyde (50-00-0)

U.S. - California - SCAQMD - Toxic Air Contaminants - Carcinogens
U.S. - California - SCAQMD - Toxic Air Contaminants - Non-Cancer Acute
U.S. - California - SCAQMD - Toxic Air Contaminants - Non-Cancer Chronic
U.S. - California - SDAPCD - Toxic Air Contaminants - Carcinogenic Impacts Must Be Calculated
U.S. - California - Toxic Air Contaminant List (AB 1807, AB 2728)
U.S. - Colorado - Hazardous Wastes - Discarded Chemical Products, Off-Specification Species, Container and Spill Residues
U.S. - Connecticut - Hazardous Air Pollutants - HLVs (30 min)
U.S. - Connecticut - Hazardous Air Pollutants - HLVs (8 hr)
U.S. - Delaware - Accidental Release Prevention Regulations - Sufficient Quantities
U.S. - Delaware - Accidental Release Prevention Regulations - Threshold Quantities
U.S. - Delaware - Accidental Release Prevention Regulations - Toxic Endpoints
U.S. - Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities
U.S. - Idaho - Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations
U.S. - Idaho - Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Emission Levels (ELs)
U.S. - Idaho - Occupational Exposure Limits - Acceptable Maximum Peak Above the Ceiling Concentration for an 8-Hour Shift
U.S. - Idaho - Occupational Exposure Limits - Ceilings
U.S. - Idaho - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs
U.S. - Illinois - Toxic Air Contaminant Carcinogens
U.S. - Illinois - Toxic Air Contaminants
U.S. - Louisiana - Reportable Quantity List for Pollutants
U.S. - Maine - Air Pollutants - Hazardous Air Pollutants
U.S. - Maine - Chemicals of High Concern
U.S. - Massachusetts - Allowable Ambient Limits (AALs)
U.S. - Massachusetts - Allowable Threshold Concentrations (ATCs)
U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Groundwater Reportable Concentration - Reporting Category 1
U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Groundwater Reportable Concentration - Reporting Category 2
U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Reportable Quantity
U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Soil Reportable Concentration - Reporting Category 1
U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Soil Reportable Concentration - Reporting Category 2
RTK - U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S. - Massachusetts - Threshold Effects Exposure Limits (TEELs)
U.S. - Massachusetts - Toxics Use Reduction Act
U.S. - Michigan - Occupational Exposure Limits - STELs
U.S. - Michigan - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs
U.S. - Michigan - Polluting Materials List
U.S. - Michigan - Process Safety Management Highly Hazardous Chemicals
U.S. - Minnesota - Chemicals of High Concern
U.S. - Minnesota - Groundwater Health Risk Limits
U.S. - Minnesota - Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - New Hampshire - Prohibited Volatile Organic Compounds
U.S. - New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - 24-Hour
U.S. - New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - Annual
U.S. - New Jersey - Discharge Prevention - List of Hazardous Substances
U.S. - New Jersey - Environmental Hazardous Substances List
RTK - U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - New Jersey - Special Health Hazards Substances List
U.S. - New Jersey - TCPA - Extraordinarily Hazardous Substances (EHS)

U.S. - New Jersey - Water Quality - Ground Water Quality Criteria
U.S. - New Jersey - Water Quality - Practical Quantitation Levels (PQLs)
U.S. - New York - Occupational Exposure Limits - Ceilings
U.S. - New York - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs
U.S. - New York - Priority Chemical Avoidance List
U.S. - New York - Reporting of Releases Part 597 - List of Hazardous Substances
U.S. - North Carolina - Control of Toxic Air Pollutants
U.S. - North Dakota - Air Pollutants - Guideline Concentrations - 1-Hour
U.S. - North Dakota - Air Pollutants - Unit Risk Factors
U.S. - North Dakota - Hazardous Wastes - Discarded Chemical Products, Off-Specification Species, Container and Spill Residues
U.S. - Ohio - Accidental Release Prevention - Threshold Quantities
U.S. - Ohio - Extremely Hazardous Substances - Threshold Quantities
U.S. - Oregon - Permissible Exposure Limits - STELs
U.S. - Oregon - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs
U.S. - California - Safer Consumer Products - Initial List of Candidate Chemicals and Chemical Groups
RTK - U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List
RTK - U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Special Hazardous Substances
RTK - U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
U.S. - Rhode Island - Air Toxics - Acceptable Ambient Levels - 1-Hour
U.S. - Rhode Island - Air Toxics - Acceptable Ambient Levels - 24-Hour
U.S. - Rhode Island - Air Toxics - Acceptable Ambient Levels - Annual
U.S. - South Carolina - Toxic Air Pollutants - Maximum Allowable Concentrations
U.S. - South Carolina - Toxic Air Pollutants - Pollutant Categories
U.S. - Tennessee - Occupational Exposure Limits - STELs
U.S. - Tennessee - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs
U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term
U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term
U.S. - Vermont - Hazardous Waste - Hazardous Constituents
U.S. - Vermont - Permissible Exposure Limits - Ceilings
U.S. - Vermont - Permissible Exposure Limits - STELs
U.S. - Vermont - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs
U.S. - Washington - Dangerous Waste - Dangerous Waste Constituents List
U.S. - Washington - Dangerous Waste - Discarded Chemical Products List
U.S. - Washington - Permissible Exposure Limits - STELs
U.S. - Washington - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs
U.S. - West Virginia - Air Quality - Toxic Air Pollutant Emission Limits
U.S. - Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights 25 Feet to Less Than 40 Feet
U.S. - Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights 40 Feet to Less Than 75 Feet
U.S. - Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights 75 Feet or Greater
U.S. - Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights Less Than 25 Feet
U.S. - Wyoming - Process Safety Management - Highly Hazardous Chemicals

Methyl alcohol (67-56-1)

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Maximum Allowable Dose Levels (MADL)
U.S. - California - SCAQMD - Toxic Air Contaminants - Non-Cancer Acute
U.S. - California - SCAQMD - Toxic Air Contaminants - Non-Cancer Chronic
U.S. - California - Toxic Air Contaminant List (AB 1807, AB 2728)
U.S. - Colorado - Hazardous Wastes - Discarded Chemical Products, Off-Specification Species, Container and Spill Residues
U.S. - Connecticut - Hazardous Air Pollutants - HLVs (30 min)
U.S. - Connecticut - Hazardous Air Pollutants - HLVs (8 hr)
U.S. - Connecticut - Volatile Substances
U.S. - Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities
U.S. - Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations
U.S. - Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Emission Levels (ELs)
U.S. - Idaho - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs
U.S. - Illinois - Toxic Air Contaminants

U.S. - Louisiana - Reportable Quantity List for Pollutants
U.S. - Maine - Air Pollutants - Hazardous Air Pollutants
U.S. - Maine - Chemicals of High Concern
U.S. - Massachusetts - Allowable Ambient Limits (AALs)
U.S. - Massachusetts - Allowable Threshold Concentrations (ATCs)
U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Groundwater Reportable Concentration - Reporting Category 1
U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Groundwater Reportable Concentration - Reporting Category 2
U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Reportable Quantity
U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Soil Reportable Concentration - Reporting Category 1
U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Soil Reportable Concentration - Reporting Category 2
RTK - U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S. - Massachusetts - Threshold Effects Exposure Limits (TELEs)
U.S. - Massachusetts - Toxics Use Reduction Act
U.S. - Michigan - Occupational Exposure Limits - Skin Designations
U.S. - Michigan - Occupational Exposure Limits - STELs
U.S. - Michigan - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs
U.S. - Michigan - Polluting Materials List
U.S. - Minnesota - Chemicals of High Concern
U.S. - Minnesota - Groundwater Health Risk Limits
U.S. - Minnesota - Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - Minnesota - Permissible Exposure Limits - Skin Designations
U.S. - Minnesota - Permissible Exposure Limits - STELs
U.S. - Minnesota - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs
U.S. - New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - 24-Hour
U.S. - New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - Annual
U.S. - New Jersey - Discharge Prevention - List of Hazardous Substances
U.S. - New Jersey - Environmental Hazardous Substances List
RTK - U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - New Jersey - Special Health Hazards Substances List
U.S. - New Jersey - Water Quality - Ground Water Quality Criteria
U.S. - New Jersey - Water Quality - Practical Quantitation Levels (PQLs)
U.S. - New York - Occupational Exposure Limits - Skin Designations
U.S. - New York - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs
U.S. - New York - Reporting of Releases Part 597 - List of Hazardous Substances
U.S. - North Dakota - Air Pollutants - Guideline Concentrations - 1-Hour
U.S. - North Dakota - Air Pollutants - Guideline Concentrations - 8-Hour
U.S. - North Dakota - Hazardous Wastes - Discarded Chemical Products, Off-Specification Species, Container and Spill Residues
U.S. - Oregon - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs
U.S. - California - Safer Consumer Products - Initial List of Candidate Chemicals and Chemical Groups
RTK - U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List
RTK - U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
U.S. - Rhode Island - Air Toxics - Acceptable Ambient Levels - 1-Hour
U.S. - Rhode Island - Air Toxics - Acceptable Ambient Levels - Annual
U.S. - South Carolina - Toxic Air Pollutants - Maximum Allowable Concentrations
U.S. - South Carolina - Toxic Air Pollutants - Pollutant Categories
U.S. - Tennessee - Occupational Exposure Limits - Skin Designations
U.S. - Tennessee - Occupational Exposure Limits - STELs
U.S. - Tennessee - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs
U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term
U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term
U.S. - Vermont - Permissible Exposure Limits - Skin Designations
U.S. - Vermont - Permissible Exposure Limits - STELs
U.S. - Vermont - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs
U.S. - Washington - Dangerous Waste - Discarded Chemical Products List
U.S. - Washington - Permissible Exposure Limits - Skin Designations

U.S. - Washington - Permissible Exposure Limits - STELs

U.S. - Washington - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs

Ammonium hydroxide (1336-21-6)

U.S. - Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities

U.S. - Louisiana - Reportable Quantity List for Pollutants

U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Groundwater Reportable Concentration - Reporting Category 1

U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Groundwater Reportable Concentration - Reporting Category 2

U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Reportable Quantity

U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Soil Reportable Concentration - Reporting Category 1

U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Soil Reportable Concentration - Reporting Category 2

RTK - U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List

U.S. - Massachusetts - Toxics Use Reduction Act

U.S. - Michigan - Polluting Materials List

U.S. - New Jersey - Discharge Prevention - List of Hazardous Substances

RTK - U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

U.S. - New Jersey - Special Health Hazards Substances List

U.S. - New Jersey - TCPA - Extraordinarily Hazardous Substances (EHS)

U.S. - New York - Reporting of Releases Part 597 - List of Hazardous Substances

RTK - U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List

RTK - U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term

U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term

Diethylene glycol (111-46-6)

U.S. - Minnesota - Hazardous Substance List

RTK - U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term

U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term

Canadian Regulations

Tissue Marking Dye Red

WHMIS Classification

Class B Division 2 - Flammable Liquid

Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects



Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)

IDL Concentration 1 %

WHMIS Classification

Class B Division 2 - Flammable Liquid

Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects

Formaldehyde (50-00-0)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)

IDL Concentration 1 %

WHMIS Classification

Class D Division 1 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects

Class D Division 1 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects

Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects

Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects

Class E - Corrosive Material

Methyl alcohol (67-56-1)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)

IDL Concentration 0.1 %

| | |
|---|--|
| WHMIS Classification | Class B Division 2 - Flammable Liquid Class D Division 1 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects |
| Ammonium hydroxide (1336-21-6) | |
| Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) | |
| Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List) | |
| IDL Concentration 1 % | |
| WHMIS Classification | Class D Division 1 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects Class E - Corrosive Material Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects |
| Ethox 4709 | |
| WHMIS Classification | Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects |
| Diethylene glycol (111-46-6) | |
| Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) | |
| WHMIS Classification | Class D Division 1 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects |
| This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the SDS contains all of the information required by CPR. | |

Section 16: Other Information

Revision Date

01/23/2023

Other Information

This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

GHS Full Text Phrases:

| | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal) | Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 3 |
| Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:gas) | Acute toxicity (inhalation:gas) Category 3 |
| Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:vapor) | Acute toxicity (inhalation:vapor) Category 3 |
| Acute Tox. 3 (Oral) | Acute toxicity (oral) Category 3 |
| Acute Tox. 4 (Oral) | Acute toxicity (oral) Category 4 |
| Aquatic Acute 1 | Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 1 |
| Aquatic Acute 2 | Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 2 |
| Aquatic Acute 3 | Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 3 |
| Carc. 1A | Carcinogenicity Category 1A |
| Eye Dam. 1 | Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1 |
| Eye Irrit. 2A | Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A |
| Flam. Liq. 2 | Flammable liquids Category 2 |
| Flam. Liq. 3 | Flammable liquids Category 3 |
| Skin Corr. 1B | Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B |
| Skin Irrit. 2 | Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2 |
| Skin Sens. 1 | Skin sensitization Category 1 |
| STOT RE 2 | Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 2 |
| STOT SE 1 | Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 1 |
| STOT SE 3 | Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3 |
| STOT SE 3 | Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3 |
| H225 | Highly flammable liquid and vapor |
| H226 | Flammable liquid and vapor |
| H301 | Toxic if swallowed |
| H302 | Harmful if swallowed |
| H311 | Toxic in contact with skin |

| | |
|------|---|
| H314 | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage |
| H315 | Causes skin irritation |
| H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction |
| H318 | Causes serious eye damage |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation |
| H331 | Toxic if inhaled |
| H335 | May cause respiratory irritation |
| H336 | May cause drowsiness or dizziness |
| H350 | May cause cancer |
| H370 | Causes damage to organs |
| H373 | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure |
| H400 | Very toxic to aquatic life |
| H401 | Toxic to aquatic life |
| H402 | Harmful to aquatic life |

NFPA Health Hazard

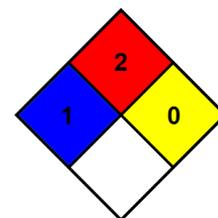
1 - Exposure could cause irritation but only minor residual injury even if no treatment is given.

NFPA Fire Hazard

2 - Must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high temperature before ignition can occur.

NFPA Reactivity

0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.



HMIS III Rating

Health

2 Moderate Hazard - Temporary or minor injury may occur

Flammability

2 Moderate Hazard

Physical

0 Minimal Hazard

Party Responsible for the Preparation of This Document

StatLab Medical Products

Phone Number: 800-442-3573

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

END OF SDS